

Insights - Group Life IBNR

How Good is your Crystal Ball?

Geoff Atkins and Stephen Lee – 25 June 2014





Introduction

Take as read Hinton & Yee (FSF14),
 McDonnell, Palmer & Sun (FSF14)

Focus on actuarial analysis; alternatives



The basic paradigm

Event year, development year, calendar year

Was assumed to be fully developed

Event	Develo	pment \	Year											
Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	
2001	5%	35%	25%	15%	10%	7%	3%	4%	3%	1%	1%	1%	1%	
2002	5%	35%	25%	15%	10%	7%	3%	4%	3%	1%	1%	1%		
2003	5%	35%	25%	15%	10%	7%	4%	4%	3%	1%	1%			
2004	5%	35%	25%	15%	10%	7%	4%	4%	3%	1%				
2005	5%	35%	25%	15%	10%	8%	4%	4%	3%					
2006	5%	35%	25%	15%	15%	8%	4%	4%						
2007	5%	35%	25%	15%	16%	8%	4%							
2008	8%	35%	30%	16%	17%	8%								
2009	10%	40%	30%	17%	17%			H	/pothe	tical 1	TPD			
2010	15%	45%	35%	17%				, '''						
2011	20%	50%	40%						LOSS	Ratio				
2012	25%	55%							emer	gence	<u> </u>			
2013	30%									0				



The chain ladder model is flawed

 Calendar period impacts get leveraged onto claim year impacts and the projection is too high

Event	t Development Year														
Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	Total	
2001	5%	35%	250/	150/	100/	70/2	3%	4%	3%	1%	1%	1%	1%	111%	
2002	5%		'D Foo	tovo b	acad a		3%	4%	3%	1%	1%	1%	1%	111%	١
2003	5%		D Fac	tors b	aseu c	חו	4%	4%	3%	1%	1%	1%	1%	112%	1
2004	5%		recent	t expe	rience		4%	4%	3%	1%	1%	1%	1%	112%	١
2005	5%	3					4%	4%	3%	1%	1%	1%	1%	113%	١
2006	5%	35%		15%	15%	8%	4%	4%	3%	1%	1%	1%	1%	118%	
2007	5%	35%	0	15%	16%	8%	4%	4%	20/	10/	10/	10/	196	120%	
2008	8%	35%	<i>5</i> 0%	16%	17%	8%	5%	5%	_)raiad	tions	a ro	1%	131%	
2009	10%	40%	30%	17%	17%	9%	5%	5%		Project			1%	142%	-
2010	15%	45%	35%	17%	21%	11%	6%	6%	h	ighly l	evera	ged	10	166%	-
2011	20%	50%	40%	23%	25%	13%	7%	7%					2%	197%	
2012	25%	55%	48%	27%	29%	15%	8%	8%	6%	2%	2%	2%	2%	230%	/
2013	30%	82%	68%	37%	41%	21%	11%	11%	9%	3%	3%	3%	3%	321%	'
		-													
ICD Facto	rs	3.72	1.61	1.21	1.19	1.08	1.04	1.04	1.03	1.01	1.01	1.01	1.01		



Faster reporting or more claims?

- Will more claims reported now from an event year mean that there will be proportionately more reported in future?
 - Maybe, maybe not
- Will more claims reported now from an event year mean that there are less to be reported in future?
 - Sadly, that is very, very rare
- An example...



Do the trends continue?

- Usually the upward trend has natural limits
- A key call is when (past or future) the trend levels out

Case Study: NSW Workers Compensation (mid 1980s)

Assuming a Steady Tail would require price increases of 29%. Assuming a Growing Tail would require price increases of 60%.



Current Challenges for TPD

- Challenges that can be modelled:
 - Changes to benefits
 - Shifts in demographics
- Challenges that are difficult to model
 - Member awareness
 - Adviser influences (union, lawyer, trustee)
 - Courts and tribunals
 - Impact of insurer initiatives

Informed judgement is needed here



The goal right now

 Nobody wants to be badly under or over, but nobody knows

- The choice of standard actuarial techniques will not get you towards this goal
- Key thing is to get onto a control cycle so we can track and adapt, as well as explain



What and how to model?

- Need an exposure measure for each event year – is premium a good measure? Would lives insured be more suitable?
- Claims paid is an output, not a key parameter, so what are the alternatives:
 - Claims cost in dollars paid or incurred
 - Claims accepted (frequency) and average size (\$)
 - Claims reported (frequency),admittance rate (%) and average size (\$)?
- Is there an earlier indicator? A 'notification'?

Exposure measures in GI

Workers Compensation
Hours Worked; FTE;
Wages

CTPNumber of vehicles



Frequency and Size Model Proposal

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Claim Size

Claims frequency (per 1,000 insured lives)															
Event	Event Development Year														
Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13		Ultimate
2001	0.100	0.300	0.300	0.200	0.100	0.050	0.020	0.030	0.020	0.010	0.005	0.005	0.005		1.145
2002	0.1					0.050	0.020	0.030	0.020	0.010	0.005	0.005	0.005		1.145
2003	0.	tarti	ng po	oint r	nay	0.050	0.040	0.030	0.020	0.010	0.005	0.005	0.005		1.165
2004	0.	e to	expe	ect sc	me	0.050	0.040	0.030	0.020	0.010	0.005	0.005	0.005		1.165
2005	0.					0.055	0.040	0.030	0.020	0.010	0.005	0.005	0.005		1.170
2006	0.	urth	er es	calat	ion	0.055	0.040	0.030	0.020	0.010	0.005	0.005	0.005		1.190
2007	0.100	0.300	0.300		TZU	0.060	0.040	0.030	0.020	0.010	0.005	0.005	0.005		1.245
2008	0.100	0.300	0.350	0.2	0.120	0.060	0.040	0.030	0.020	0.010	0.005	0.005	0.005		1.295
2009	0.100	0.350	0.400	0.300	0.140	0.070	0.040	0.030	0.020	0.010	0.005	0.005	0.005		1.475
2010	0.150	0.400	0.400	0.300	0.160	0.070	0.040	0.030	0.020	2.040	2 225	2005	0.005		1.595
2011	0.250	0.500	0.400	0.350	0.160	0.070	0.0		/	∖ssur	ne cl	aim ı	repor	ts	1.845
2012	0.300	0.600	0.450	0.350	0.160	0.070	0.040	0.050		conti	nua 1	at tha	e sam	10	2.045
2013	0.350	0.650	0.450	0.350	0.160	0.070	0.040	0.030	0.0	JUITER	iiue a	at till		ie .	2.145
frequency as															
historical experience															

f(Claim Year, Development Year)

Control Cycle metrics on Size*Frequency models can be very informative



Example: Builders Warranty



Diagnostics

- Builder failures and open exposures
- Building type
- Builder size
- State



Diagnostics vs Model Parameters

- Keep the model fairly simple, but reflect the 'claims process'
- Use diagnostics to inform the parameters
 - Legal representation
 - Age
 - Occupation
 - Employer
 - Law firm
 - State
 - Benefits
 - Cause of disablement
- Don't be scared of 'selections'

Segmentation can differentiate trends from changes in mix



Taking the 'temperature'

- Observing the external environment:
 - Media
 - Lawyer activity/advertising
 - Decisions and appeals
 - State by state
 - Workers compensation scheme changes
- Informing the judgements about the future





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Issues

Market Issues

- Member Awareness
- Weakened
 Definitions/Eligibility
- Increased Benefits
- Lawyer Involvement
- Economic Environment
- Poor Data



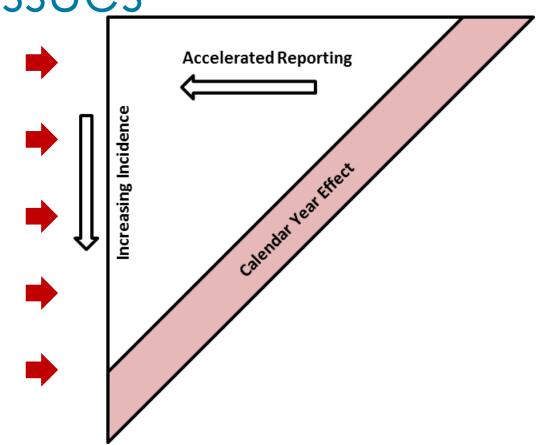
- Accelerated Claim Reporting
- Increasing/changing
 Incidence
- Delayed Claim Reporting
 - Changing Insurer
 - Poor data

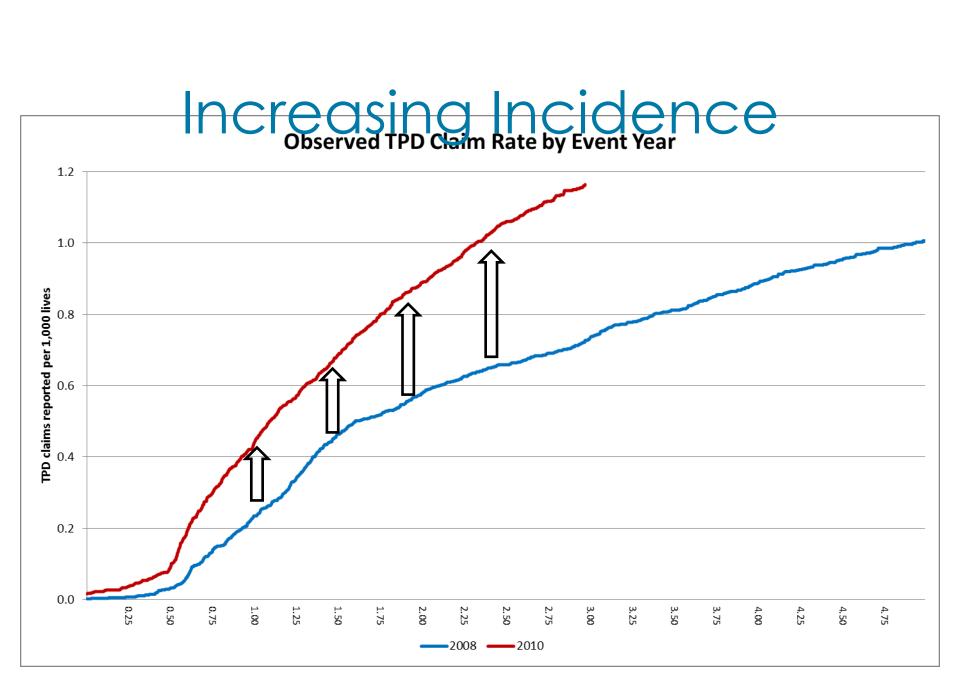


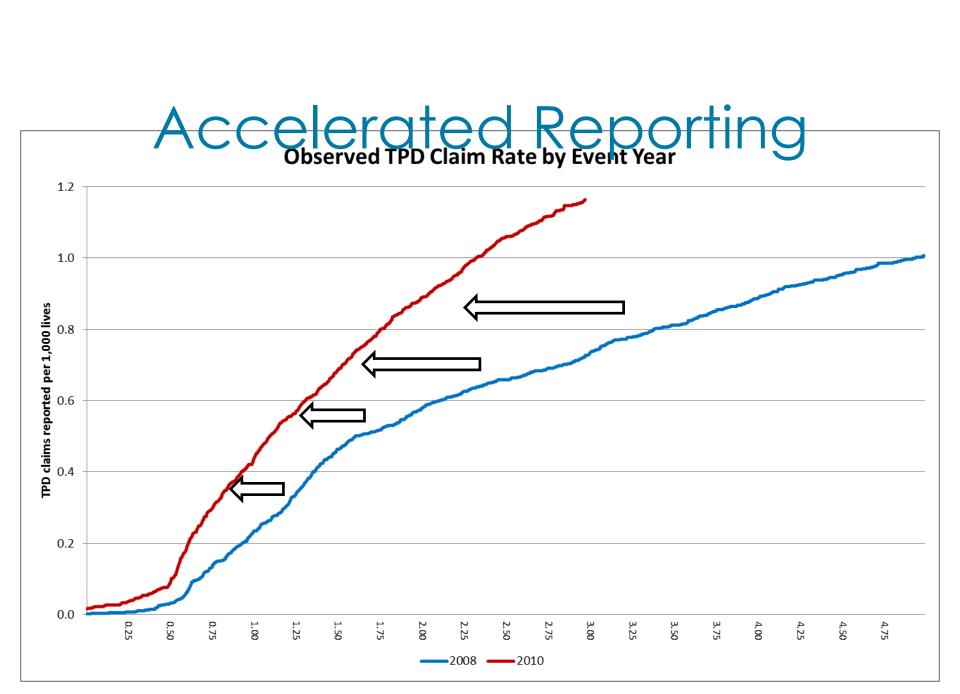
Issues

Pricing Issue

- Accelerated Claim Reporting
- Increasing/changing
 Incidence
- Delayed Claim Reporting
- Changing Insurer
- Poor data

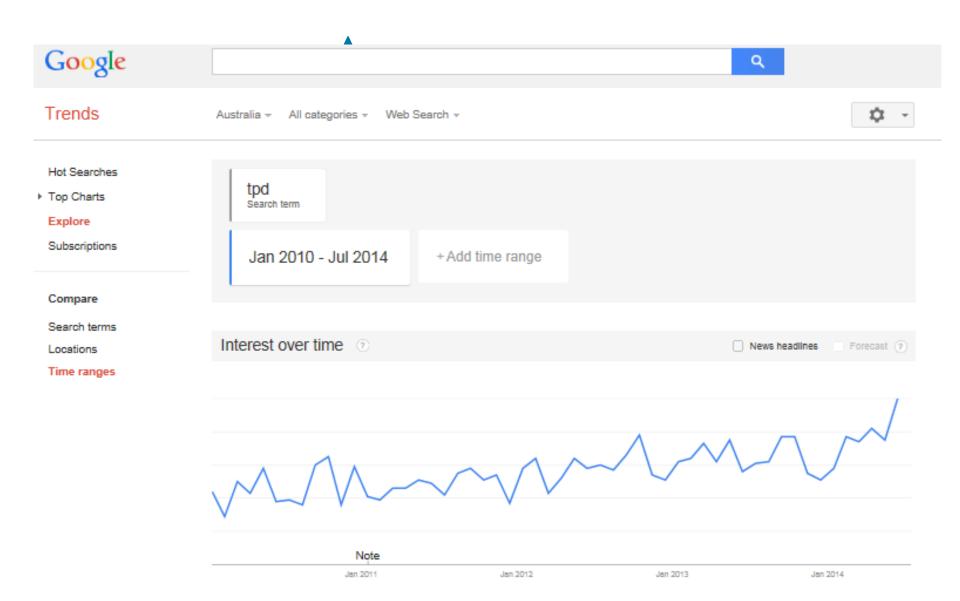




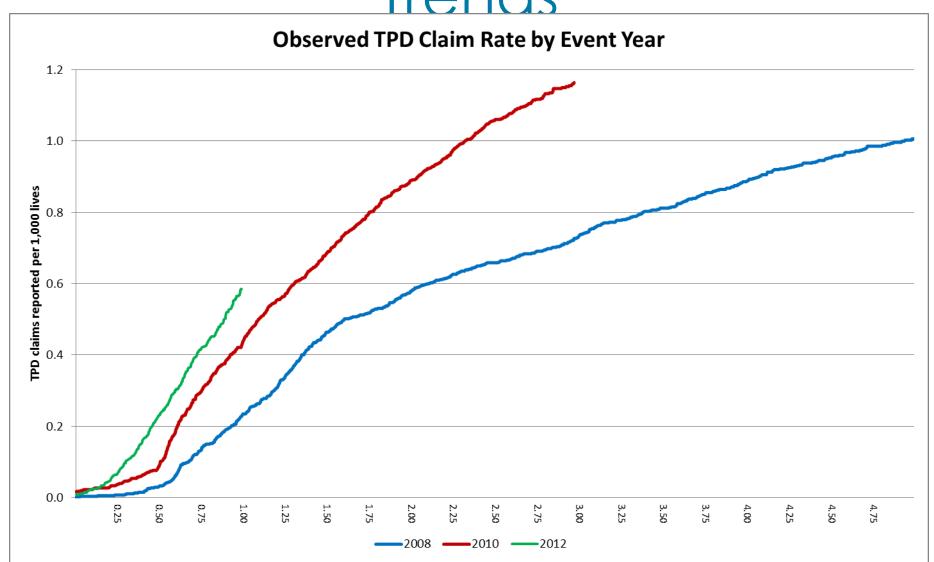


Acceleration & Increased

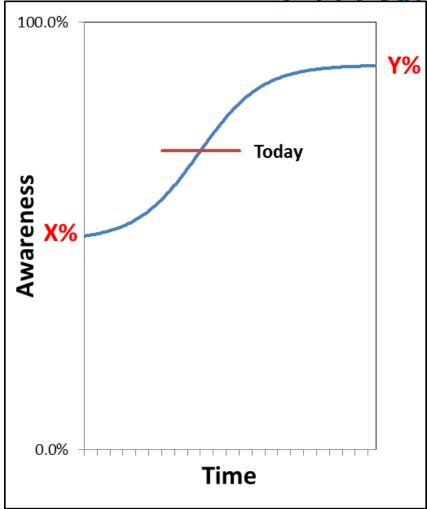




Trends



Awareness



- Varies by fund
- Where is base
- Where is ultimate

Challenges

- Understanding the business better
- Communicating uncertainty

